INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the statement of profit and loss for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its profit for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013.Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the director's report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The director's report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

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When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the operating effectiveness of the entity's internal controls.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company. Consequently, no disclosures have been made on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
   a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
   b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
   c. The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
   d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
   e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

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f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, the reporting requirement is not applicable to Company as the Company is below the thresholds prescribed and Company can avail the exemption provided by notification G.S.R. 583(E) dated June 13, 2017.
As the Company is a Private Limited Company, Provisions for section 197 are not applicable

g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

   i. There are no pending litigations on the Company.
   ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
   iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
   iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

      (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

      (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

   v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

      a) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software (tally) for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

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b) As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For Neeraj Bansal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.033654N)

Neeraj Bansal
Proprietor
Membership No.: 530155
UDIN: 24530155BKCFQW3921

Place: New Delhi
Date: September 13, 2024

GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

FARM NO. 8, GK KH NO. 258, 260/2 257/2 & 275 SULTANPUR, GADAIPUR, SOUTH WEST DELHI, INDIA , 110030

CIN: U55101DL2023PTC419951

(In Thousand)

BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31.03.2024

	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2024
(A)	**EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**		
1	**Shareholders' funds**		
	(a) Share capital	3	100
	(b) Reserves and surplus	4	44
			144
2	**Current liabilities**		
	(a) Short Term Borrowings	5	50
	(b) Trade payables	6	981
	(c) Other current liabilities	7	808
	(d) Short-term provisions	8	648
			2,487
		TOTAL	**2,630**
B	**ASSETS**		
1	**Non-current assets**		
	(b) Non Current Assets	8	51
			51
2	**Current assets**		
	(a) Inventories	9	99
	(b) Trade receivables	10	114
	(c) Cash and cash equivalents	11	1,924
	(d) Short-term loans and advance	12	442
	(e) Other current assets	13	-
			2,579
		TOTAL	**2,630**
	Significant accounting policies	1	-

As Per our annexed audit report of even date

For Neeraj Bansal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 033654N

NEERAJ BANSAL & CO. FRN 033654N

Neeraj Bansal

CA Neeraj Bansal
M No: 530155
Proprietor
UDIN: 24530155BKCFQW3921
PLACE: DELHI
DATE: 13th September, 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

For GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PVT. LTD.

For GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PVT. LTD.

Priya Thakur

PUNEET SINGH
DIN: 6842175
Director

PRIYA THAKUR
DIN: 7601688
Director

GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

FARM NO. 8, GK KH NO. 258, 260/2 257/2 & 275 SULTANPUR, GADAIPUR, SOUTH WEST DELHI, INDIA , 110030

CIN: U55101DL2023PTC419951

(In Thousand)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31.03.2024

Particulars	Note No	For the Period ending 31st March 2024
(A) REVENUE		
I. Revenue from operations	14	9,201
II. Other Income	15	12
Total Revenue		**9,213**
(B) Expenses:		
Cost of material consumed	16	4,668
Employee benefit expense	17	1,713
Other expenses	18	2,772
Total Expenses		**9,153**
(C) Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax		59
(D) Exceptional Items		
(E) Profit before extraordinary items and tax		59
(F) Extraordinary Items		
(G) Profit before tax		**59**
(F) Tax expense:		
(I) Current tax		15
(II) Deferred tax		
(H) PROFIT AFTER TAX		**44**
(I) Earning per equity share:		
(I) Basic		1.99
(II) Diluted		1.99

Per our annexed report of even date

For Neeraj Bansal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 033654N

Neeraj Bansal

NEERAJ BANSAL & CO. FRN 033654N CA

CA Neeraj Bansal
M No: 530155
Proprietor
UDIN: 24530155BKCFQW3921
PLACE: DELHI
DATE: 13th September, 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

For GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PVT. LTD.

Director

For GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PVT. LTD.

Priya Thakur

Director

PUNEET SINGH **PRIYA THAKUR**
DIN: 6842175 **DIN: 7601688**

Note No

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Go Foodingo Hospitality Private Limited is a Private Company incorporated on 14-09-2023. It is classified as Company limited by shares and is registered at Registrar of Companies, Delhi. It is involved in Transportation and storage.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES & NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A Significant Accounting Policies

(i) Basis of accounting:-

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) including the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis.

(ii) Use of Estimates:-

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(iii) Revenue Recognition:-

Expenses and Income considered payable and receivable respectively are accounted for on accrual basis.
Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

(iv) Property, Plant & Equipment:-

Property, Plant & Equipment including intangible assets are stated at their original cost of acquisition including taxes, freight and other incidental expenses related to acquisition and installation of the concerned assets less depreciation till date.
Company has adopted cost model for all class of items of Property Plant and Equipment

(v) Depreciation

Depreciation on Fixed Assets is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on the Written down Value (WDV) Method.
Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.
Depreciation on assets acquired/sold during the year is recognized on a pro-rata basis to the statement of profit and loss till the date of acquisition/sale.
The carrying amount of assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets, net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.
After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

(vi) Foreign currency Transactions:-

Transactions arising in foreign currencies during the year are converted at the rates closely approximating the rates ruling on the transaction dates. Liabilities and receivables in foreign currency are restated at the year-end exchange rates. All exchange rate differences arising from conversion in terms of the above are included in the statement of profit and loss.

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(vii) Investments:-

Investments, which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminutions in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

(viii) Inventories:-

Inventories are valued as under:-

1. Inventories : Lower of cost(FIFO/specific cost/Weighted avg) or net realizable value
2. Scrap : At net realizable value.

(ix) Borrowing cost:-

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of the qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying assets is one that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended uses or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue in the year of incurrence.

(x) Retirement Benefits:-

The retirement benefits are accounted for as and when liability becomes due for payment.

(xi) Taxes on Income:-

Provision for current tax is made on the basis of estimated taxable income for the current accounting year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. The deferred tax for timing differences between the book and tax profits for the year is accounted for, using the tax rates and laws that have been substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets arising from timing differences are recognized to the extent there is virtual certainty with convincing evidence that these would be realized in future. At each Balance Sheet date, the carrying amount of deferred tax is reviewed to reassure realization.

(xii) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:-

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent Liabilities is disclosed in Notes to the account for:-

(i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the company or

(ii) Present Obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statement since this may result in the recognition of the income that may never be realized.

General:

Except wherever stated, accounting policies are consistent with the generally accepted accounting principles and have been consistently applied.

GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

FARM NO. 8, GK KH NO. 258, 260/2 257/2 & 275 SULTANPUR, GADAIPUR, SOUTH WEST DELHI, INDIA , 110030

CIN: U55101DL2023PTC414951

(In Thousand)

	As at 31st March 2024
NOTE 3	
SHARE CAPITAL AUTHORISED	
100,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	100.00
(Previous Year 100,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 Each)	
ISSUED SUBSCRIBED AND FULLY PAID UP	
10000 Equity shares of Rs.10/-each	100.00
Total	**100.00**

	31st March 2024	
Name Of Shareholders	**In Nos**	**In %**
Puneet Singh	4,900	49.00
Larisa Enterprises Pvt Ltd	5,100	51.00
	10,000	**100.00**

	31st March 2024	
Share holders having 5% or more Shares	**In Nos**	**In %**
Puneet Singh	4,900	49.00
Larisa Enterprises Pvt Ltd	5,100	51.00
	10,000	100.00

NOTE 4	
RESERVE AND SURPLUS	
General Reserve	-
Add: Additions During the Year	0.04
	0.04
Total	0.04

NOTE 5	
Short Term Borrwings	
Unsecured Loans:	
From related party	50.00
	-
Total	50.00

NOTE 6	
Trade payables	
Total Outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises	
Total Outstanding dues other than Micro and Small Enterprises	980.68
	-
Total	980.68

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** There are certain vendors who have confirmed that they are covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Disclosures relating to dues of Micro and Small enterprises under section 22 of 'The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, are given below:

(a)Principal amount and Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid during the accounting year.

(e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule*

Particulars	
Due to MSME	
Less than one year	-
1-2 years	-
2-3 years	-
More than 3 years	
Total	
Other	
Less than one year	980.68
1-2 years	-
2-3 years	
More than 3 years	
Total	**980.68**

NOTE 7

Other current liabilities	
Statutory Dues	
ESIC Payable	2.75
PF paybale	23.09
GST payable	160.41
TDS Payable	131.16
For Expenses	-
Salary and Wages Payable	96.47
Other Expenses Payable	347.78
Food Cycle WTW	46.46
Total	**808.12**

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NOTE 8	
Short-term provisions	
Provision for Audit Fees	20.00
Provision for Income Tax	15.40
Provision for expenses	612.30
Total	**647.70**

NOTE 9	
Non Current Investments	
Fusion Food LLP Investment	51.00
Total	**51.00**

NOTE 10	
Inventories	
Consumable Inventory	99.03
	99.03

NOTE 11	
SUNDRY DEBTORS	
Over Six Months	
Good	-
Doubtful	-
Below Six Months	
Secured, considered good	113.82
Less:	-
Provision for Doubtful Debts	-
Unsecured, considered good	-
Doubtful	-
	-
Total	**113.82**

Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule	
Particulars	
Undisputed trade receivable - considered good	
Less than six months	113.82
6 months - 1 year	
1-2 years	
2-3 years	
More than 3 years	
Total	**113.82**
Undisputed trade receivable - considered doubtful	
Less than six months	
6 months - 1 year	
1-2 years	
2-3 years	
More than 3 years	
Total	

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NOTE 11	
CASH AND BANK ADVANCES	
Cash on Hand	137.05
Balance with Banks	1,787.38
	-
Total	**1,924.44**

NOTE 12	
LOANS AND ADVANCES	
Advance given to supplier	314.75
Advance to Related Parties	127.29
	-
Total	**442.05**

NOTE 14	
Revenue from operations	
Sale of services	9,200.76
Total	9,200.76

NOTE 15	
Other Income	
Discount Received	0.11
Miscellaneous Income	6.87
Sundry Balance written off	4.94
Total	**11.92**

NOTE 16	
Cost of material Consumed	
Consumables	4,668.02
	-
Total	**4,668.02**

NOTE 17	
EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE	
Salary to staff	1,682.11
Staff Expenses	2.56
Employer contribution ESIC	6.61
Employer contribution PF	21.74
	-
Total	**1,713.01**

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NOTE 18	
Other expenses	
General & Administrative Expenses	2.00
Bank Charges	20.67
Auditor Remuneration	20.00
Decoration Expenses	6.50
Kitchen Utensils And Equipments	17.84
Marketing expenses	33.10
Housekeeping Expenses	31.95
Cleaning Expenses	11.33
Conveyance	38.17
Electricity Exp.	37.76
Water Testing Charges	4.72
Internet Expenses	4.29
Printing and stationery	23.82
Repair and Maintainance	1,148.56
Misc Expense	20.87
Software expenses	8.26
GST expenses	7.34
Rent	1,144.85
Other expenses	190.38
	2,772.41
	-
Total	**2,772.41**

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GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

FARM NO. 8, GK KH NO. 258, 260/2 257/2 & 275 SULTANPUR, GADAIPUR,

SOUTH WEST DELHI, INDIA ,110030

CIN: U55101DL2023PTC419951

(In Thousand)

Note No

19 Trade receivables, Trade payables, Loans & Advances and Unsecured Loans have been taken at their book value subject to confirmation and reconciliation.

20 Payments to Auditors (Exclusive of GST)

Auditors Remuneration	**Current Year**
Audit Fees	20.00
Total	**20.00**

21 Loans and Advances are considered good in respect of which company does not hold any security other than the personal guarantee of persons.

22 No provision for retirement benefits has been made, in view of accounting policy No. 10 The impact of the same on Profit & Loss is not determined.

23 Related Party disclosure as identified by the company and relied upon by the auditors

A Related Parties and their Relationship

(i) Key Management Personnel

1 PUNEET SINGH

2 PRIYA THAKUR

(ii) Relative of Key Management Personnel (having transactions with the company)

1 PUNEET SINGH (Director)

2 PRIYA THAKUR (Director)

(iii) Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management personnel or their relatives

(iv) Transactions with Related parties

Particulars	**Current Year**
Directors Remuneration	
PUNEET SINGH	NIL
PRIYA THAKUR	NIL
Total	**NIL**

Key Management Personnel	**Current Year**
PRIYA THAKUR (Loan Taken)	50.00
Total	**50.00**

Other Related Parties	**Current Year**
Food Cycle (Loan From Related Party)	207.48
Food Cycle (Advance To Related Party)	395.41
Fusion Food LLP (Investement)	51.00
Total	**653.89**

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(v) Outstanding Balances

Particulars	Current Year
Key Management Personnel	
PRIYA THAKUR (Loan Taken)	50.00
Other Related Parties	
Food Cycle (Advance To Related Party)	127.29
Fusion Food LLP (Investement)	51.00
Total	**228.29**

24 Disclosure on significant ratios

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024
Current Ratio	1.04
Debt-Equity Ratio,	0.35
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-
Return on Equity Ratio	0.30
Inventory turnover ratio	-
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	80.84
Trade payables turnover ratio	-
Net capital turnover ratio	99.11
Net profit ratio	0.00
Return on Investment	-
Return on Capital employed	0.23

Methodology:

1. Current Ratio = Current Asset / Current Liability
2. Debt-Equity Ration = Total Debt / (Total Equity)
3. Debt Service Coverage Ratio = EBITDA / Finance Cost
4. Return on Equity Ratio = Profit After Tax / Total Equity
5. Inventory Turnover Ratio = Purchase / Average Inventory
6. Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio = Revenue from Operations / Average Trade Receivable
7. Trade Payable Turnover Ratio = Purchase / Average Trade Payable
8. Net Capital Turnover Ratio = Revenue from Operations / (Current Asset - Current Liability)
9. Net Profit Ratio = Profit After Tax / Revenue from Operations
10. Return on Investment = Net income on investment / Cost of Investment
11. Return on Capital Employed = Profit After tax / (Total Equity + Total Debt)

NEERAJ BANSAL & CO. * FRN 033654N *

Other Notes

(i) The company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

(ii) The company does not have borrowings from the bank or financial institutions where quarterly returns or statement of current assets to be filed with such bank/financial institution.

(iii) The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

(iv) The company has not done any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the companies Act 2013 or section 560 of companies Act 1956.

(v) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(vi) The Company has complied with the number of layers for its holding in downstream companies prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(vii) Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the likto or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(viii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(ix) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

(x) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

For Neeraj Bansal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 033654N

NEERAJ BANSAL & CO. CA FRN 033654N

CA Neeraj Bansal
M No: 530155
Proprietor
UDIN: 24530155BKCFQW3921
PLACE: DELHI

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PRIVATE LIMITED

For GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PVT. LTD.

PUNEET SINGH
DIN: 6842175
Director

For GO FOODINGO HOSPITALITY PVT. LTD.

Priya Thakur

PRIYA THAKUR
DIN: 7601688
Director